



DAZ

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:)
Yuri Yapor) Examiner: Osman, Ramy M.
Serial No. 09/865,904) Art Unit: 2157
Filed: May 24, 2001)
For: Method And System For Parallel Data)
Transmission On Demand To An Unlimited)
Number Of Clients Without)
Acknowledgement And On The Basis Of)
Constant Data Availability)

Mail Stop Petitions
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

PETITION FOR REVIVAL OF AN APPLICATION ABANDONED UNINTENTIONALLY
UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.137(b)

Sir:

Applicant hereby petitions to revive the above-noted patent application under 37 C.F.R. § 1.137(b). The above-noted patent application has become abandoned on December 8, 2005, due to unintentional abandonment. The issue fee for the above-noted patent application was previously paid as recorded by the Patent Office on December 21, 2005. The petition fee of \$685.00 required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(m) is enclosed.

Applicant submits that the entire delay in filing the required reply to the Notice of Allowance dated July 28, 2005, by the due date until the filing of a grantable petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.137(b) was unintentional.

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I. Summary of Enclosed Supporting Documentation

Enclosed in support of this petition are copies of the following documents:

- 1) Petition For Revival under 37CFR 1.137(b);
- 2) Adequate showing of cause of delay and job offer email attachment; and
- 3) Petition Fees in the amount of \$685.00 and \$55.00.

II. Cause of Delay

This application became abandoned due to Applicant's failure to timely pay the Issue fee mailed with the Notice of Allowance on July 28, 2005.

On August 28, 2005, the Applicant lost his job and was unable to pay the issue fee. Hence, Applicant respectfully submits that the abandonment of this application was unintentional.

Applicant has now received a job offer to start employment on November 30, 2005. A copy of the email with the job offer is attached.

III. Terminal Disclaimer

No terminal disclaimer is required, since the present application was filed after June 8, 1995.

IV. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, Applicants' respectfully request that the present application be revived and that prosecution be resume.

Respectfully submitted,

BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP

Date: 02/16, 2006



Yuri Yapor

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail with sufficient postage in an envelope addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

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Marina Yapor

Name of Person Mailing Correspondence

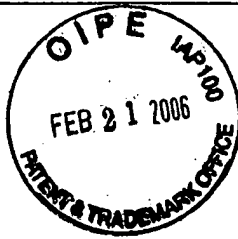
M Yapor
Signature

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Date



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JAN 12 2006

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of
Yuri Yaport et al.
Application No. 09/865,904
Filed: May 24, 2001
Title of Invention: METHOD AND SYSTEM
FOR PARALLEL DATA TRANSMISSION ON
DEMAND TO AN UNLIMITED NUMBER OF
CLIENTS WITHOUT ACKNOWLEDGMENT
AND ON THE BASIS OF CONSTANT DATA
AVAILABILITY

:
: **DECISION ON PETITION**
:
:
:

This is a decision on the petition under 37 CFR 1.137(a), filed December 21, 2005, to revive the above-identified application.

The petition is **DISMISSED**.

Any request for reconsideration of this decision must be submitted within TWO (2) MONTHS from the mail date of this decision. Extensions of time under 37 CFR 1.136(a) are permitted. The reconsideration request should include a cover letter entitled "Renewed Petition under 37 CFR 1.137(a)" or "Renewed Petition under 37 CFR 1.137(b)." This is not a final agency decision.

This application became abandoned on October 31, 2005, for failure to pay the issue fee in response to the Notice of Allowance mailed July 28, 2005 and which set a three (3) month period for reply. Accordingly, a Notice of Abandonment was mailed December 8, 2005.

A grantable petition to revive an abandoned application under 37 CFR 1.137(a) must be accompanied by:

- (1) the required reply, unless previously filed. In a nonprovisional application abandoned for failure to prosecute, the required reply may be met by the filing of a continuing application. In a nonprovisional application filed on or after June 8, 1995, and abandoned for failure to prosecute, the required reply may also be met by the filing of a request for continued examination in compliance with §

1.114. In an application or patent, abandoned or lapsed for failure to pay the issue fee or any portion thereof, the required reply must be the payment of the issue fee or any outstanding balance thereof;

(2) the petition fee as set forth in § 1.17(l);

(3) a showing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the entire delay in filing the required reply from the due date for the reply until the filing of a grantable petition pursuant to this paragraph was unavoidable; and

(4) any terminal disclaimer (and fee as set forth in § 1.20(d)) required pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section.

This petition lacks items (3) above.

With regard to item (3), decisions on reviving abandoned applications on the basis of "unavoidable" delay have adopted the reasonably prudent person standard in determining if the delay was unavoidable:

The word 'unavoidable' . . . is applicable to ordinary human affairs, and requires no more or greater care or diligence than is generally used and observed by prudent and careful men in relation to their most important business. It permits them in the exercise of this care to rely upon the ordinary and trustworthy agencies of mail and telegraph, worthy and reliable employees, and such other means and instrumentalities as are usually employed in such important business. If unexpectedly, or through the unforeseen fault or imperfection of these agencies and instrumentalities, there occurs a failure, it may properly be said to be unavoidable, all other conditions of promptness in its rectification being present.¹

The showing of record is inadequate to establish unavoidable delay within the meaning of 37 CFR 1.137(a). Specifically, an application is "unavoidably" abandoned only where petitioner, or counsel for petitioner, takes all action necessary for a proper response to the outstanding Office action, but through the intervention of unforeseen circumstances, such as failure of mail, telegraph, telefacsimile, or the negligence of otherwise reliable employees, the response is not timely received in the Office.²

¹In re Mattullath, 38 App. D.C. 497, 514-15 (1912)(quoting Ex parte Pratt, 1887 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 31, 32-33 (1887)); see also Winkler v. Ladd, 221 F. Supp. 550, 552, 138 USPQ 666, 167-68 (D.D.C. 1963), aff'd, 143 USPQ 172 (D.C. Cir. 1963); Ex parte Henrich, 1913 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 139, 141 (1913). In addition, decisions on revival are made on a "case-by-case basis, taking all the facts and circumstances into account." Smith v. Mossinghoff, 671 F.2d 533, 538, 213 USPQ 977, 982 (D.C. Cir. 1982). Finally, a petition cannot be granted where a petitioner has failed to meet his or her burden of establishing that the delay was "unavoidable." Haines v. Quigg, 673 F. Supp. 314, 316-17, 5 USPQ2d 1130, 1131-32 (N.D. Ind. 1987).

²Ex parte Pratt, 1887 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 31 (Comm'r Pat. 1887).

Petitioner asserts financial difficulties as a basis for unavoidable delay, specifically that he lost his job. A showing of unavoidable delay based upon financial condition must establish that the financial condition of the petitioner during the **entire** period of the delay was such as to excuse the delay.³ In order to establish unavoidable delay based on financial difficulty, petitioner must provide a showing of the responsible person's financial condition at the time, including income, expenses, assets, credit, and obligations, which made the delay in payment of the fee unavoidable. Petitioner must provide copies of any documents or records that would confirm the financial difficulty.

ALTERNATIVE VENUE

Petitioner may wish to consider filing a renewed petition under 37 CFR 1.137(b),⁴ which now provides that where the delay in reply was unintentional, a petition may be filed to revive an abandoned application or a lapsed patent pursuant to 37 CFR 1.137(b).

The filing of a petition under the unintentional standard cannot be intentionally delayed and therefore should be filed promptly. A person seeking revival due to unintentional delay cannot make a statement that the delay was unintentional unless the entire delay, including the delay from the date it was discovered that the application was abandoned until the filing of the petition to revive under 37 CFR 1.137(b), was unintentional. A statement that the delay was unintentional is not appropriate if petitioner intentionally delayed the filing of a petition for revival under 37 CFR 1.137(b). A petition under 37 CFR 1.137 (b) also carries with it a petition fee of \$685.00 for a small entity and \$1370.00 for a large entity and the \$55.00 petition fee paid with the instant petition is

³ Ex parte Murray, 1891 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 130, 131 (1891).

⁴ Effective December 1, 1997, the provisions of 37 CFR 1.137(b) now provide that where the delay in reply was unintentional, a petition may be filed to revive an abandoned application or a lapsed patent pursuant to 37 CFR 1.137(b). A grantable petition filed under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.137(b) must be accompanied by:

(1) the required reply, unless previously filed. In a nonprovisional application abandoned for failure to prosecute, the required reply may be met by the filing of a continuing application. In a nonprovisional application filed on or after June 8, 1995, and abandoned for failure to prosecute, the required reply may also be met by the filing of a request for continued examination in compliance with § 1.114. In an application or patent, abandoned or lapsed for failure to pay the issue fee or any portion thereof, the required reply must be the payment of the issue fee or any outstanding balance thereof. In an application abandoned for failure to pay the publication fee, the required reply must include payment of the publication fee.

(2) the petition fee as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(m);

(3) a statement that the entire delay in filing the required reply from the due date for the reply until the filing of a grantable petition pursuant to 37 CFR 1.137(b) was unintentional. The Commissioner may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional; and

(4) any terminal disclaimer (and fee as set forth in 37 CFR 1.20(d)) required pursuant to 37 CFR 1.137(c)).

cannot be credited towards the fee for the petition under 37 CFR 1.137(a), if petitioner chooses to file such.

Petitioner should also note, the three periods to be considered during the evaluation of a petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) or (b) are the delay in:

- (1) reply that originally resulted in abandonment and from the abandonment until discovery thereof;
- (2) filing an initial petition pursuant to §1.137(a) or (b) to revive the application; and
- (3) filing a *grantable* petition pursuant to §1.137(a) or (b) to revive the application.⁵

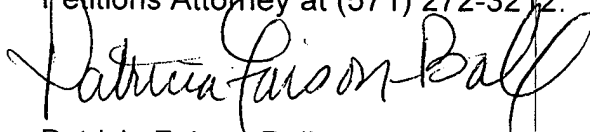
In summary, although the circumstances described by petitioner are most unfortunate, they, by themselves, do not constitute a showing of unavoidable delay. The petition will therefore be dismissed.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:

By mail: Mail Stop Petitions
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria VA 22313-1450

By FAX: (571) 273-8300
Attn: Office of Petitions

Telephone inquiries concerning this matter may be directed to the undersigned Petitions Attorney at (571) 272-3212.



Patricia Faison-Ball
Senior Petitions Attorney
Office of Petitions

⁵ See: Changes to Patent Practice and Procedure; Final Rule Notice, 62 Fed. Reg. 53131 at 53158 (10 October, 1997).